#### § 39.60

(b) Where there is disagreement between the Area or Agency support service staff and the responsible fiscal agent regarding the propriety of the obligation or disbursement of funds, appeal shall be made to the Director.

# Subpart E—Local Educational Financial Plan

#### § 39.60 Definitions.

As used in this subpart, the term:

- (a) Consultation means soliciting and recording the opinions of school boards regarding each element in the local financial plan, as set forth below, and incorporating those opinions to the greatest degree feasible in the development of the local educational financial plan at each stage thereof.
- (b) Local educational financial plan means that plan which programs dollars for educational services for a particular Bureau operated or funded school which has been ratified in an action of record by the local school board, or determined by the superintendent under the appeal process set forth in this subpart.
- (c) *Budget* means that element in the local educational financial plan which shows all costs of the plan by discrete programs and sub-cost categories thereunder.

### § 39.61 Development of local edu cational financial plans.

A local educational financial plan shall be developed by the local school supervisor, in active consultation with the local school board, based on the tentative allotment received as provided in §39.51.

### § 39.62 Minimum requirements.

The local financial plan shall include, at a minimum, each of the following elements:

- (a) Separate programing of funds for each group of Indian students for whom a discrete program of services is to be provided. This must include at a minimum each program for which funds are allotted to the school through the Indian School Equalization Program;
- (b) A brief description, or outline, of the program of student services to be provided for each group identified;

- (c) A budget showing the costs projected for each program, as determined by the Director through the development of a uniform cost accounting system related to the Indian School Equalization Program;
- (d) A statement of the percentage relationship between the total of the anticipated costs for each program and the amount the students served by that program will generate under the Indian School Equalization Formula. Beginning in  $F\bar{Y}$  1981, there shall also be included a statement of the cost incurred for each program in the preceding fiscal year and the amount received for each such program as the result of the Indian School Equalization Formula. For exceptional child programs the plan must provide that at least 80% of the funds generated by students served by the program be spent on those students:
- (e) A provision for certification by the chairman of the school board that the plan as shown, or as amended, has been ratified in an action of record by the school board; or
- (f) Except in the case of contract schools, a provision for certification by the Agency Superintendent of Education that he or she has approved the plan as shown, or as amended, in an action overturning the rejection or amendment of the plan by the school board.

## § 39.63 Procedures for development of the plan.

- (a)(1) Within thirty (30) days after receipt of the tentative allotment for the coming school year, the school supervisor shall meet and consult with the local school board on the local financial plan.
- (2) The school supervisor shall discuss at this meeting the present program of the school and any proposed changes he or she wishes to recommend. The school board members shall be given every opportunity to express their own ideas as well as their views on the supervisor's recommendations. Subsequently the school supervisor shall present a draft plan to the school board with recommendations concerning each of the elements outlined in this subpart.